

## **Deviational Syntactic Structures Hans G Iquest Iquest Tzsche**

Cumulative Author Index to Psychological Abstracts Grammaticalization and Reanalysis in African Languages The Logic of Conventional Implicatures Linguistics and Language Behavior Abstracts Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference Classification, Data Analysis, and Knowledge Organization Models and Methods with Applications Structure of Language and Its Mathematical Aspects The Structure of Learning Processes Studien zur Morphologie und Syntax der festlandskandinavischen Personalpronomina Hans Christian Andersen, a Poet in Time Interface Strategies Order and Structure in Syntax II The Transit of Civilization from Europe to America Learning and Communication Disorders Current Index to Statistics, Applications, Methods and Theory Guide to Reprints A Primer on Scientific Programming with Python Current Index to Journals in Education Arctic Bibliography Arts & Humanities Citation Index Papers on Diachronic Syntax BLL Connecting Grammaticalisation The Syntax-Information Structure Interface Introduction to Mathematical Philosophy Lexical Semantics Verb Meaning and the Lexicon Mathematical Reviews Phase Theory First Language Acquisition in Spanish Coordination in Syntax The Cambridge Handbook of Generative Syntax Festgabe für Hans-Rudolf Singer 1968 Index to ERIC Documents in Linguistics and Uncommonly Taught Languages and Selected Bibliography of Related Titles Chicago Psychoanalytic Literature Index MLA International Bibliography of Books and Articles on the Modern Languages and Literatures Self-scoring Study Guide for Rathaus Psychology Index Islamicus Deviatonal Syntactic Structures Religion Index Two

### **Cumulative Author Index to Psychological Abstracts**

### **Grammaticalization and Reanalysis in African Languages**

### **The Logic of Conventional Implicatures**

### **Linguistics and Language Behavior Abstracts**

This book brings together a variety of contemporary approaches to learning that by and large follow the structuralist path to understand learning, a path both ecological and dynamic. The book views the learning processes as they take place in the course of personenvironment relationships.

## **Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference**

The relationship between the meaning of words and the structure of sentences is an important area of research in linguistics. Studying the connections between lexical conceptual meaning and event structural relations, this book arrives at a modular classification of verb types within English and across languages. Ramchand argues that lexical encyclopedic content and event structural aspects of meaning need to be systematically distinguished, and that thematic and aspectual relations belong to the latter domain of meaning. The book proposes a syntactic decompositional view of core verbal meaning, and sets out to account for the variability and systematicity of argument structure realisation across verb types. It also proposes an interesting view of lexical insertion.

## **Classification, Data Analysis, and Knowledge Organization Models and Methods with Applications**

This book provides a detailed and up to date review of the framework of phases (Chomsky 2000 and subsequent work). It explores the interaction between the narrow syntactic computation and the external systems from a minimalist perspective. As has sometimes been noted, "Phase Theory" is the current way to study the cyclic nature of the system, and 'phases' are therefore the natural locality hallmark, being directly relevant for phenomena such as binding, agreement, movement, islands, reconstruction, or stress assignment. This work discusses the different approaches to phases that have been proposed in the recent literature, arguing in favor of the thesis that the points of cyclic transfer are to be related to uninterpretable morphology (the  $\bar{A}$ -features on the heads C and  $v^*$ ). This take on phases is adopted in order to investigate raising structures, binding, subjunctive dependents, and object shift (word order) in Romance languages, as well as the nature of islands.

## **Structure of Language and Its Mathematical Aspects**

## **The Structure of Learning Processes**

## **Studien zur Morphologie und Syntax der festlandskandinavischen Personalpronomina**

## **Hans Christian Andersen, a Poet in Time**

### **Interface Strategies**

4035 entries to journal articles and monographs published between 1971-1980. Intended for parents, educators, researchers, and practitioners. Sources were publications from all countries in fields of psychology, education, medicine, and social sciences. Classified arrangement. Each entry gives author, title, abstract, author's institution, and bibliographical information. Subject, author indexes.

### **Order and Structure in Syntax II**

This book reconsiders the role of order and structure in syntax, focusing on fundamental issues such as word order and grammatical functions. The first group of papers in the collection asks what word order can tell us about syntactic structure, using evidence from V2, object shift, word order gaps and different kinds of movement. The second group of papers all address the issue of subjecthood in some way, and examine how certain subject properties vary across languages: expression of subjects, expletive subjects, quirky and locative subjects. All of the papers address in some way the tension between modelling what can vary across languages whilst improving our understanding of what might be universal to human language. This book is complemented by Order and structure in syntax I: Word order and syntactic structure

### **The Transit of Civilization from Europe to America**

Addresses the syntactic issues raised by coordinate pairings, with particularly emphasis on their properties in English and Chinese.

### **Learning and Communication Disorders**

### **Current Index to Statistics, Applications, Methods and Theory**

### **Guide to Reprints**

Posits a formal theory of syntax that addresses some of the deficiencies of Chomskyan grammar.

## **A Primer on Scientific Programming with Python**

## **Current Index to Journals in Education**

## **Arctic Bibliography**

## **Arts & Humanities Citation Index**

## **Papers on Diachronic Syntax**

## **BLL**

The nominal case forms disappeared from the Scandinavian languages long ago. Instead, the function of the case forms is represented by word order. Only the pronouns still have all case distinctions. Traditionally the case forms of the personal pronouns have been regarded as a remnant of the original case forms. This book, however, presents a different view. Drawing on structural, semantic and pragmatic approaches the author shows that the personal pronouns form a system which is, to some extent, structured in quite a different way. The author examines this system and illustrates with the help of many examples that the personal pronouns show a strong tendency under certain conditions to drop or change the function of specific inflectional forms. This tendency, however, is strongest in connection with dialects and sociolects. In his study the author puts a special emphasis on the Danish language, but he also draws on examples taken from the Norwegian, Swedish and Fenno-Swedish languages. This book should appeal to all who have an interest in linguistics.

## **Connecting Grammaticalisation**

## **The Syntax-Information Structure Interface**

## **Introduction to Mathematical Philosophy**

## **Lexical Semantics**

This text revives the study of conventional implicatures in natural language semantics. The author uses the original concept defined by H. Paul Grice as a key into two areas of natural language - supplements (appositives, parentheticals) and expressives (honorifics, epithets).

## **Verb Meaning and the Lexicon**

## **Mathematical Reviews**

## **Phase Theory**

## **First Language Acquisition in Spanish**

Der vorliegende Band ist Hans-Rudolf Singer, Professor für Arabistik und Semitistik an der Universität Mainz, F.A.S. in Gernersheim, von Freunden und Kollegen zu seinem 65. Geburtstag gewidmet. In 59 Beiträgen werden Themen der arabistischen Philologie und Literatur, der arabischen Dialektologie, der orientalischen Kultur- und Religionsgeschichte behandelt, darüber hinaus Fragen der Sprach- und Übersetzungswissenschaft.

## **Coordination in Syntax**

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## **The Cambridge Handbook of Generative Syntax**

### **Festgabe für Hans-Rudolf Singer**

For the first time ever in English, this book presents a wide range of approaches to Hans Christian Andersen (1805-1875) and his works, thereby providing a source of inspiration for further studies and a more extensive knowledge of the world-famous author. The main focus of the contributions is on Andersen in his time, Andersen influences, Andersen in terms of cultural history - including aspects of literary and social history, genre, linguistics, translation, and style.

### **1968 Index to ERIC Documents in Linguistics and Uncommonly Taught Languages and Selected Bibliography of Related Titles**

It is quite remarkable that, after over a half-century of research in generative grammar, there is still uncertainty and debate surrounding the analysis of preverbal subjects in a number of null-subject languages. The implications of this debate are far-reaching for generative theory: if preverbal subjects are analyzed as non-arguments, it calls into question the proposed universality of the EPP (as in e.g. Alexiadou & Anagnostopoulou 1998), as well as its associated features and feature-strengths. Galician, spoken in the northwest of Spain, is an under-documented Romance language within the generative paradigm. In this book, the author details an experimental program for establishing clausal word order appropriateness and preferences in a variety of information structure contexts, while informing theoretical debate on preverbal subjects. The experimental methodology and information structure assumptions employed create several testable predictions. The statistical data suggest that Galician is a predominantly SVO language and that preverbal subjects behave like canonical subjects, and not CLLD constituents. The empirical data discussed inform the modified model of the preverbal field that the author proposes for Galician, which takes into account a number of recent analyses of Western Iberian Romance clausal phenomena such as the enclisis-proclisis divide, topicalization, focalization, and recomplementation.

### **Chicago Psychoanalytic Literature Index**

### **MLA International Bibliography of Books and Articles on the Modern Languages and Literatures**

Lexical Semantics is about the meaning of words. Although obviously a central concern of linguistics, the semantic behaviour of words has been unduly neglected in the current literature, which has tended to emphasize sentential semantics and its relation to formal systems of logic. In this textbook D. A. Cruse establishes in a principled and disciplined way the descriptive and generalizable facts about lexical relations that any formal theory of semantics will have to encompass. Among the topics covered in depth are idiomaticity, lexical ambiguity, synonymy, hierarchical relations such as hyponymy and meronymy, and various types of oppositeness. Syntagmatic relations are also treated in some detail. The discussions are richly illustrated by examples drawn almost entirely from English. Although a familiarity with traditional grammar is assumed, readers with no technical linguistic background will find the exposition always accessible. All readers with an interest in semantics will find in this original text not only essential background but a stimulating new perspective on the field.

### **Self-scoring Study Guide for Rathaus Psychology**

This monograph presents a view on grammaticalisation radically different from standard views centering around the cline of grammaticality. Grammar is seen as a complex sign system, and, as a consequence, grammatical change always comprises semantic change. What unites morphology, topology (word order), constructional syntax and other grammatical subsystems is their paradigmatic organisation. The traditional concept of an inflexional paradigm is generalised as the structuring principle of grammar. Grammatical change involves paradigmatic restructuring, and in the process of grammatical change morphological, topological and constructional paradigms often connect to form complex paradigms. The book introduces the concept of connecting grammaticalisation to describe the formation, restructuring and dismantling of such complex paradigms. Drawing primarily on data from Germanic, Romance and Slavic languages, the book offers both a broad general discussion of theoretical issues (part one) and three case studies (part two).

### **Index Islamicus**

The book serves as a first introduction to computer programming of scientific applications, using the high-level Python language. The exposition is example and problem-oriented, where the applications are taken from mathematics, numerical calculus, statistics, physics, biology and finance. The book teaches "Matlab-style" and procedural programming as well as object-oriented programming. High school mathematics is a required background and it is advantageous to study classical and numerical one-variable calculus in parallel with reading this book. Besides learning how to program computers, the reader will also learn how to solve mathematical problems, arising in various branches of science and engineering, with the aid of numerical methods and programming. By blending programming, mathematics and scientific applications, the book lays a solid foundation for practicing computational science. From the reviews: Langtangen does an excellent job of

introducing programming as a set of skills in problem solving. He guides the reader into thinking properly about producing program logic and data structures for modeling real-world problems using objects and functions and embracing the object-oriented paradigm. Summing Up: Highly recommended. F. H. Wild III, Choice, Vol. 47 (8), April 2010 Those of us who have learned scientific programming in Python 'on the streets' could be a little jealous of students who have the opportunity to take a course out of Langtangen's Primer." John D. Cook, The Mathematical Association of America, September 2011 This book goes through Python in particular, and programming in general, via tasks that scientists will likely perform. It contains valuable information for students new to scientific computing and would be the perfect bridge between an introduction to programming and an advanced course on numerical methods or computational science. Alex Small, IEEE, CiSE Vol. 14 (2), March /April 2012 "This fourth edition is a wonderful, inclusive textbook that covers pretty much everything one needs to know to go from zero to fairly sophisticated scientific programming in Python" Joan Horvath, Computing Reviews, March 2015

### **Deviational Syntactic Structures**

Vols. for 1969- include ACTFL annual bibliography of books and articles on pedagogy in foreign languages 1969-

### **Religion Index Two**

Syntax - the study of sentence structure - has been at the centre of generative linguistics from its inception and has developed rapidly and in various directions. The Cambridge Handbook of Generative Syntax provides a historical context for what is happening in the field of generative syntax today, a survey of the various generative approaches to syntactic structure available in the literature and an overview of the state of the art in the principal modules of the theory and the interfaces with semantics, phonology, information structure and sentence processing, as well as linguistic variation and language acquisition. This indispensable resource for advanced students, professional linguists (generative and non-generative alike) and scholars in related fields of inquiry presents a comprehensive survey of the field of generative syntactic research in all its variety, written by leading experts and providing a proper sense of the range of syntactic theories calling themselves generative.



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